

# Indirect Object Pronouns and the placement



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## Indirect Objects

Identify the subject, the verb, the direct object and the indirect object in the following sentences.

I bought that skirt for her.

I gave those shoes to him.



# Indirect Objects

■ I bought that skirt for her.

↑  
subject

verb

direct object

indirect object

■ I gave those shoes to him.

↑  
subject

verb

direct object

indirect object



**Indirect object pronouns** tell **to or for whom the action is being done.**

**Indirect object pronouns** mean the same thing in English as do the direct object pronouns, only they add the words “to or for”.

For example, “to you, for me, ect.”

They can replace or accompany indirect objects.



# Indirect Object Pronouns

## Singular

**me**

(to or for me)

**te**

(to or for you)

**le**

(to or for him,  
her, it)

## Plural

**nos**

(to or for us)

**os**

(to or for you all)

**les**

(to or for them,  
you all)



## Placement of Indirect Object Pronouns

When there is 1 verb in a sentence the indirect object is placed before the verb.

Ana le da el libro.  
↑  
(dar)

Ana gives him/her the book.



**Le** and **les** may refer to different indirect objects, so the following construction is used at the end of the sentence to clarify:

A + name, noun or pronoun

↑  
Me gusta  
Te gusta  
Le gusta  
Nos gusta  
Os gusta  
Les gusta

Rosa **le** compra una olla **a** su madre.  
Rosa buys a pot for her mother.



When there are 2 verbs in a sentence the indirect object can be placed before the verb, or attached to the infinitive.

Ana **le** puede dar el libro.

Ana puede darle el libro.

Ana can give him/her the book.